7 37	IIii to	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
L Number	Hits 627	("560/41").CCLS.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
2	627	("560/41").CCD5.		2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	1
		. 	DERWENT	2007/12/21 00 11
4	145376	crystalliz\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
		///i= = - / - = -	DERWENT	2001/10/21 00 10
5	253	(("560/41").CCLS.) and crystalliz\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:49
			EPO; JPO;	ļ
			DERWENT	
6	12490	dimethylbut\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	2007/12/07 00 11
8	153364	X-ray	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
		, , , , , ,	DERWENT	2007 (20 (01 00 11
9	225	neohexyl\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
11	12645	neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
12	30	(neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
		(("560/41").CCLS.)	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
13	116254	seed	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	1
			DERWENT	
15	177349	seed\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	1
16	4462	aspartame	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	1
17	88	(neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and aspartame	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:11
		-	EPO; JPO;	İ
			DERWENT	
20	7924	seed\$ and X-ray	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:12
		•	EPO; JPO;	
İ			DERWENT	
21	0	seed\$ and (("crystalliz\$").PN.)	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:12
1		•	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
22	0	X-ray and (("crystalliz\$").PN.)	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:12
		•	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
23	687	seed\$ and aspartame	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:12
		•	EPO; JPO;	
1			DERWENT	
28	10511	seed adj crystal	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO;	-
			DERWENT	
29	18971	polymorph\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
		F - 2	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT]
31	44	neotame	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
"	7.7	neocame	EPO; JPO;	,, 21 00.13
			DERWENT	
1	3	("5510508").PN.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
-		,	EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
3	3	("5773640").PN.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
	3	\ J//JUTU /.EN.	EPO; JPO;	2001, 12, 21 00.13
			DERWENT	
7	15	((("560/41").CCLS.) and crystalliz\$) and	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
'	15	dimethylbut\$	EPO; JPO;	2001/12/21 00:13
		dimechylpacs	DERWENT	
10	_	noohowy] \$ and	7	2001/12/21 08:13
10	5	neohexyl\$ and (("560/41").CCLS.)	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	<u> </u>

14	5	((USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
		(("560/41").CCLS.)) and seed	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	
18	5	seed\$ and ((neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
10		aspartame)	EPO; JPO;	2001, 10, 11 00.13
	1	,	DERWENT	
19	3	("5480668").PN.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
24	1		USPAT	2001/12/21 08:13
25	10	(("560/41").CCLS.) and (seed\$ and aspartame)	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO;	
	_ /		DERWENT	
26	1	5500000 17777	USPAT	2001/12/21 08:13
27	2	5502238.URPN.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO; DERWENT	
30	69	(seed adj crystal) and polymorph\$	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
30	05	(seed adj crystar) and porymorphy	EPO; JPO;	2001/12/21 08:13
			DERWENT	
32	3	seed\$ and neotame	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO;	,,
			DERWENT	
33	3	5728862.pn.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:13
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT	
34	2	3266871.pn.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:31
			EPO; JPO;	
1			DERWENT	
35	3	9524420.pn.	USPAT;	2001/12/21 08:31
			EPO; JPO;	`
36	276	("560/40").CCLS.	DERWENT	2001/12/21 00 10
30	2/6	("500/40").CCLS.	USPAT; EPO; JPO;	2001/12/21 08:49
			DERWENT	
	1		DREWRINT	1

	Туре	L #	Hits	search Text	DBs	Time Stamp	Comments	Error Definition
1	IS&R	L2	627	("560/41").CCLS.	USPAT; ; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:11		
2	BRS	L4	14537 6	crystalliz\$	USPAT; ; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:11		
3	BRS	L5	253	(("560/41").CCLS.) and crystalliz\$	USPAT; ; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:49		
4	BRS	L6	12490	dimethylbut\$	USPAT; ; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:11		
5	BRS	L8	15336 4	X-ray	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:11		
6	BRS	L9	225	neohexyl\$		2001/12/21 08:11		
7	BRS	L11	12645	neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$		2001/12/21 08:11		
8	BRS	L12	30	(neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and (("560/41").CCLS.)		2001/12/21 08:11		
9	BRS	1.1 4 :	11625 4	seed	JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:11		
10	BRS .		17734	seed\$		2001/12/21 08:11	C R f	Truncation Overflow. Seturn string From Server is: COOOSEE

	Er or
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	1

	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time S	Stamp	Comments	Error	Definition
11	BRS	L16	4462	aspartame	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:11	2/21			·
12	BŔS	L17	88	(neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and aspartame	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:11	2/21			
13	BRS	L20	7924	seed\$ and X-ray	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:12	2/21			low. n string Server is:
14	BRS	L21	0	seed\$ and (("crystalliz\$").PN.)	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:12	2/21			low. n string Gerver is:
15	BRS	L22	0	X-ray and (("crystalliz\$").PN.)	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:12	2/21			
16	BRS	L23	687	seed\$ and aspartame	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:12	2/21			low. n string Server is:
17	BRS	L28	10511	seed adj crystal	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:13	2/21			
18	BRS	L29	18971	polymorph\$	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:13	2/21			
19	BRS	L31	44	neotame	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:13	2/21			
20	IS&R	L1	3	("5510508").PN.	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/1 08:13	2/21			

	1
	Er or
11	0
12	0
13	1
14	1
15	0
16	1
17	0
18	0
19	0
20	0
15 16 17	0

	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp	Comments	Error Definition
21	IS&R	L3	3	("5773640").PN.	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		
22	BRS	L7	15	((("560/41").CCLS.) and crystalliz\$) and dimethylbut\$	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		
23	BRS	L10	5	neohexyl\$ and (("560/41").CCLS.)	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		,
24	BRS	L14	5	((neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and (("560/41").CCLS.)) and seed	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		
25	BRS	L18	5	seed\$ and ((neohexyl\$ or dimethylbut\$) and aspartame)	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		Truncation Overflow. Return string from Server is: 5`0`0`SEE
26	IS&R	L19	3	("5480668").PN.	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE	2001/12/21 08:13		
27	BRS	L24	1	"5502238".PN.	USPAT	2001/12/21 08:13		
28	BRS	L25	10	(("560/41").CCLS.) and (seed\$ and aspartame)	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		Truncation Overflow. Return string from Server is: 5`627`627
29	BRS	L26	1	"5502238".PN.	USPAT	2001/12/21 08:13		
30	BRS	L27	2	5502238.URPN.	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE	2001/12/21 08:13		
31	BRS	L30	69	(seed adj crystal) and polymorph\$	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		

	Er
21	0
22	0
23	О
24	0
25	1
26	0
27	0
28	1
29	0
30	0
31	0

	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp	Comments	Error Definition
32	BRS	L32	3	seed\$ and neotame		2001/12/21 08:13		Truncation Overflow. Return string from Server is: 5 0 0 SEE
33	BRS	L33	3	5728862.pn.	USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT	2001/12/21 08:13		
34	BRS	L34	2	3266871.pn.		2001/12/21 08:31		
35	BRS	L35	3	9524420.pn.		2001/12/21 08:31		
36	IS&R	L36	276	("560/40").CCLS.		2001/12/21 08:49		

	Err
32	1
33	0
34	0
35	0
36	0

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Trying 3106016892...Open

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
LOGINID:ssspta1623paz

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
* * * * * * * * * *
                     Welcome to STN International
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
                 The CA Lexicon available in the CAPLUS and CA files
NEWS
      2
         Dec 17
NEWS
         Feb 06
                 Engineering Information Encompass files have new names
                 TOXLINE no longer being updated
         Feb 16
NEWS
                 Search Derwent WPINDEX by chemical structure
NEWS
         Apr 23
         Apr 23
                 PRE-1967 REFERENCES NOW SEARCHABLE IN CAPLUS AND CA
NEWS
         May 07
                 DGENE Reload
NEWS
      7
      8
                 Published patent applications (A1) are now in USPATFULL
NEWS
         Jun 20
NEWS
     9
         JUL 13
                 New SDI alert frequency now available in Derwent's
                 DWPI and DPCI
NEWS 10 Aug 23
                 In-process records and more frequent updates now in
                 MEDLINE
                 PAGE IMAGES FOR 1947-1966 RECORDS IN CAPLUS AND CA
NEWS 11
         Aug 23
                 Adis Newsletters (ADISNEWS) now available on STN
NEWS 12
         Aug 23
         Sep 17
NEWS 13
                 IMSworld Pharmaceutical Company Directory name change
                 to PHARMASEARCH
         Oct 09
                 Korean abstracts now included in Derwent World Patents
NEWS 14
                 Index
                 Number of Derwent World Patents Index updates increased
NEWS 15 Oct 09
                 Calculated properties now in the REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY File
NEWS 16
         Oct 15
NEWS 17
         Oct 22
                 Over 1 million reactions added to CASREACT
NEWS 18 Oct 22
                 DGENE GETSIM has been improved
NEWS 19 Oct 29 AAASD no longer available
NEWS 20 Nov 19 New Search Capabilities USPATFULL and USPAT2
                 TOXCENTER(SM) - new toxicology file now available on STN
NEWS 21
         Nov 19
NEWS 22
         Nov 29
                 COPPERLIT now available on STN
         Nov 29 DWPI revisions to NTIS and US Provisional Numbers
NEWS 23
         Nov 30 Files VETU and VETB to have open access
NEWS 24
NEWS 25 Dec 10 WPINDEX/WPIDS/WPIX New and Revised Manual Codes for 2002
NEWS 26 Dec 10 DGENE BLAST Homology Search
         Dec 17 WELDASEARCH now available on STN
NEWS 27
                 STANDARDS now available on STN
NEWS 28
         Dec 17
         Dec 17
                 New fields for DPCI
NEWS 29
         Dec 19 CAS Roles modified
NEWS 30
NEWS 31 Dec 19 1907-1946 data and page images added to CA and CAplus
NEWS EXPRESS August 15 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0c,
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0 (ENG) AND V6.0J (JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 07 AUGUST 2001
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS HOURS
              General Internet Information
NEWS INTER
NEWS LOGIN
              Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE
              Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW
              CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
```

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:07 ON 21 DEC 2001

=>

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

FULL ESTIMATED COST

ENTRY SESSION 0.15 0.15

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:40:20 ON 21 DEC 2001 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Dec 14, 2001 (20011214/UP).

=>		
NAME	CREATED	NOTES/TITLE
ALKYLATIN/L	13 DEC 2001	9 L-NUMBERS
ALL/L	TEMP	4 L-NUMBERS
AMINOKETSRCH/L	TEMP	37 L-NUMBERS
DIXAMINOKET/A	TEMP	41 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
EPOTHILONS/A	TEMP	7 ANSWERS IN FILE REGISTRY
INDIUMCL3/A	30 MAY 2001	1 ANSWER IN FILE REGISTRY
LASTEARCH/L	TEMP	73 L-NUMBERS
LASTSEARCH/L	TEMP	11 L-NUMBERS
LTWENTAUGFOR/A	04 AUG 2001	72 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
MARPATANSW/A	TEMP	164 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
MARPATDATA/A	TEMP	164 ANSWERS IN FILE MARPAT
NEOTAMECRYST/A	24 APR 2001	59 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
NVLARMFULGEN/A	19 APR 2001	196 ANSWERS IN FILE REGISTRY
POHBENZALDEH/A	10 JUL 2001	5519 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
PROSTACMPD15/A	01 AUG 2001	34 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
SELENOCMPDS/A	TEMP	4 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS
STILBENES/L	TEMP	49 L-NUMBERS
TWOAMINOPOLY/Q	16 APR 2001	UPLOADED STRUCTURE
UPTAKECORE/A	TEMP	125 ANSWERS IN FILE CAPLUS

= >

NO SAVED SDI REQUESTS

=>

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.00 0.15

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:38 ON 21 DEC 2001

=> seed?

THIS COMMAND NOT AVAILABLE IN THE CURRENT FILE Some commands only work in certain files. For example, the EXPAND command can only be used to look at the index in a file which has an index. Enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of commands which can be used in this file.

=> file cAPLUS
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.15 0.30

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:40:56 ON 21 DEC 2001 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Dec 2001 VOL 135 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Dec 2001 (20011220/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

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The CA Lexicon is now available in the Controlled Term (/CT) field. Enter HELP LEXICON for full details.

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=> resolution

76146 RESOLUTION

824 RESOLUTIONS

76613 RESOLUTION

(RESOLUTION OR RESOLUTIONS)

220463 RESOLN

4913 RESOLNS

223034 RESOLN

(RESOLN OR RESOLNS)

L1 255744 RESOLUTION

(RESOLUTION OR RESOLN)

```
=> seed?
      202730 SEED?
=> 11 and 12
      1595 L1 AND L2
L3
=> crystal?
       1368257 CRYSTAL?
       283101 CRYST
          1792 CRYSTS
        284369 CRYST
                (CRYST OR CRYSTS)
         77037 CRYSTD
         15189 CRYSTG
        187734 CRYSTN
          2160 CRYSTNS
       189001 CRYSTN
                 (CRYSTN OR CRYSTNS)
       1630549 CRYSTAL?
                 (CRYSTAL? OR CRYST OR CRYSTD OR CRYSTG OR CRYSTN)
=> L3 AND L4
         659 L3 AND L4
L5
=> L1(L)L2
         1241 L1(L)L2
L6
=> L6(L)L3
PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH
FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'L6(L)L3'
          1241 L6(L)L3
=> L7 AND L4
          474 L7 AND L4
L8
=> LOGOFF
ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF
LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:HOLD
                                                 SINCE FILE
                                                                 TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                      ENTRY
                                                               SESSION
                                                       5.96
                                                                 6.26
FULL ESTIMATED COST
 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 07:43:34 ON 21 DEC 2001
Connecting via Winsock to STN
Trying 3106016892...Open
Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
LOGINID:ssspta1623paz
PASSWORD:
 * * * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * *
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'CAPLUS' AT 08:05:13 ON 21 DEC 2001
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:05:13 ON 21 DEC 2001
COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
                                                 SINCE FILE
                                                                 TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                               SESSION
                                                      ENTRY
```

6.29

6.59

FULL ESTIMATED COST

TI Scopoline. VI. The constitution of scopolamine and of scopoline. The Hofmann degradation of scopoline

=> d 112 41-43 ti fbib abs

L12 ANSWER 41 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

- TI Resolution of DL-amino acids by preferential crystallization procedure.

 I. Preparation of optically active alanines
- AN 1968:487420 CAPLUS
- DN 69:87420
- TI Resolution of DL-amino acids by preferential crystallization procedure. I. Preparation of optically active alanines
- AU Chibata, I.; Yamada, S.; Yamamoto, M.; Wada, M.
- CS Res. Lab., Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan
- SO Experientia (1968), 24(6), 638-9 CODEN: EXPEAM
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A method was established for the optical resolm. of DL-alanine using the insol. deriv. DL-alanine benzenesulfonate (I). DL-alanine is unsuitable for direct resolm. as it is sol. and forms a racemic compd. I was prepd. by dissolving DL-, D-, or L-alanine in aq. PhSO3H; and 52 g. I and 1.3 g. D-alanine benzenesulfonate (II) were dissolved in 200 ml. 97% aq. Me2CO at elevated temp. and cooled to 25.degree.; the solm. was seeded with 0.2 g. II and allowed to stand 16 hrs. II was obtained in 6.6 g. yield. II (3 g.) was dissolved in 60 ml. H2O and passed through a column of Amberlite 1R-120 in H-from. The D-alanine absorbed was eluted with N NH4OH, concd. to dryness, and recrystd. from aq. MeOH to give 0.98 g. D-alanine, 91% yield. The mother liquor can be used repeatedly to sep. the other enantiomorph and give further resolm. D-alanine can be added to the ion-exchange effluent and I recovered.
- L12 ANSWER 42 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
- TI Separation of racemic substances. Takekazu A kashi, Ko Ohno, Jiro Kato
- AN 1966:477935 CAPLUS
- DN 65:77935
- OREF 65:14558b-d
- TI Separation of racemic substances. Takekazu A kashi, Ko Ohno, Jiro Kato
- IN Mizoguchi, Naomasa; Hara, Minoru; Ito, Kenkichi
- PA Ajinomoto Co., Inc.
- SO 4 pp.
- DT Patent
- LA Unavailable
- FAN.CNT 1

of

17111.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 3266871		19660816	US	

The app. for sepn. of a racemic substance having 2 corresponding enantiomorphs into the resp. enantiomorphs comprises a container sepd. into 2 equal compartments by a screen having perforations of predetd. size; a means for continuously feeding a supersatd. soln. of the racemic substances; a supply of crystal seeds of one of the enantiomorphs in one of the compartments and a supply of crystal seeds of the other enantiomorphs in the other compartment. Each compartment has a means of stirring the material or soln. All racemates are capable of being sepd. by selective deposition

one enantiomorph on the seed crystals of that

enantiomorph and are thus suitable for resolution in this equipment. This invention relates to the sepn. of racemic substances whose crystals are conglomerates of the crystals of the corresponding optically active enantiomorphs and more particularly to the resolution of amino acids whose racemate crystals are conglomerates of crystals of the optically active isomers, particularly glutamic acid and its hydrochloride. L12 ANSWER 43 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS Direct resolution of .alpha.-methyl-3,4-dihydroxyphenylalanine 1965:59211 CAPLUS DN 62:59211 OREF 62:10510b-e Direct resolution of .alpha.-methyl-3,4-dihydroxyphenylalanine Jones, Robert T.; Krieger, Kenneth H.; Lago, James PΑ Merck & Co., Inc. SO 7 pp. DTPatent LA Unavailable FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE US 19641124 ΡI US 3158648 19620409 Selective crystn. of each enantiomorph of .alpha.-methyl-3-4-AB dihydroxyphenylalanine (I) from supersatd. solns. of racemic I provided a method for direct resolution by batch or continuous procedures. Thus, 37 g. racemic I was slurried at 35.degree. in 100 cc. N HCl. Filtration gave a satd. soln. contg. 34.6 g. I (61% as the HCl salt), which was seeded at 35.degree. with 7 g. hydrated L-I. The mixt. was cooled to 20.degree. in 30 min. and aged 1 hr. at 20.degree.. Filtration gave 14.1 g. L-I.1.5H2O (100% pure, as shown by rotation of the Cu complex.) A 45-ml. portion of the mother liquors (contg. 3.65 g. HCl and 10.4 q. I with a 61% excess of D-I) was heated to 35.degree. and was seeded with 2.7 g. hydrated D-I to yield 5.5 g. D-I (100%

stirred with 2.4 g. racemate. After filtration, the soln. at 35.degree. pure). The mother liquors then contained only racemic I and were used as the acid dissolving soln. for another run. DL-I [cryst. form 2A with

x-ray peaks (2 .theta. Cu Ka) at 9.degree., 11.degree., and 23.degree.] (10 g.) was added to 50 cc. 0.5N HCl and treated as above to give L-I.1.5H2O, Cu salt [.alpha.]589 170.degree. (26% yield of isomer). Similarly, 48 g. DL-I [form I, with x-ray peaks (2 .theta. Cu Ka) at 10.degree. and 13.degree.] was slurried in 100 cc. 2.0N HCl 1 hr. at 25.degree., the solids (0.9 g.) sepd., the soln. seeded with 8 g. L-I, and 40 cc. 2N NaOH added at 0.5 cc./min. at 25.degree.. After 1 hr., filtration gave 18.5 g. L-I, [.alpha.]589 170.degree. (Cu salt). At 24.degree., 35 g. DL-I was slurried in 200 cc. 0.46M sq. SO2 soln. 70 min., then pressure-filtered with N to remove 10.8 g. undissolved salts. Into 210 cc. of the filtrate **seeded** with 12.6 g. D-I stirred at 420 rpm. in a Morton flask N was passed 35 min. After aging 1 hr. at 24.degree., the slurry was pressure-filtered to give 14.6 g. D-I.1.5H2O, [.alpha.]589 -175.degree. (Cu salt). The mother liquors were titrated with NaOH to det. the SO2 concn. (0.28M). Continuous crystn. was also carried out

described and procedures given). L-I was an antihypertensive agent. D-I had no hypotensive activity but had the same toxicity as L-I, so that the sepn. of isomers was of value.

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=> polymorph?
T-13
      114957 POLYMORPH?
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:07 ON 21 DEC 2001)
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:40:20 ON 21 DEC 2001
     FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:38 ON 21 DEC 2001
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:40:56 ON 21 DEC 2001
        255744 RESOLUTION
L1
L2
        202730 SEED?
          1595 L1 AND L2
L3
       1630549 CRYSTAL?
L4
           659 L3 AND L4
L5
           1241 L1(L)L2
L6
          1241 L6(L)L3
L7
           474 L7 AND L4
L8
L9
            17 DHIS
         60072 ENANTIO?
L10
L11
           8849 L1(L)L10
            48 L11(L)L2
L12
        114957 POLYMORPH?
L13
=> 113 and 14
L14
       14958 L13 AND L4
=> preferen?
L15
      127248 PREFEREN?
=> 114 and 115
         134 L14 AND L15
=> 12 and 116
L17
            2 L2 AND L16
=> d l17 1-2 ti
L17 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
TI Investigations on, the, reciprocal ternary system
(.+-.)-2-phenylpropionic
     acid-(.+-.)-.alpha.-methylbenzylamine. Impact of an unstable racemic
     compound on the simultaneous resolution of chiral acids and bases by
     preferential crystallisation
L17 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     Solubilities and crystallization behavior of cimetidine
     polymorphic forms A and B
=> d 117 1-2 ti fbib abs
L17 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
TI Investigations on, the, reciprocal ternary system
(.+-.)-2-phenylpropionic
     acid-(.+-.)-.alpha.-methylbenzylamine. Impact of an unstable racemic
     compound on the simultaneous resolution of chiral acids and bases by
     preferential crystallisation
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=>

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2001:863973 CAPLUS
     Investigations on, the, reciprocal ternary system
(.+-.)-2-phenylpropionic
     acid-(.+-.)-.alpha.-methylbenzylamine. Impact of an unstable racemic
     compound on the simultaneous resolution of chiral acids and bases by
     preferential crystallisation
     Dufour, Fabrice; Gervais, Claire; Petit, Marie-Noelle; Perez, Guy;
ΑU
     Coquerel, Gerard
     Unite de Croissance Cristalline et de Modelisation Moleculaire (UC2M2),
     UPRES EA2659 IRCOF, Universite de Rouen, Mont-Saint-Aignan, 76821, Fr.
     J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 2 (2001), (10), 2022-2036
     CODEN: JCSPGI; ISSN: 1472-779X
PB
     Royal Society of Chemistry
     Journal
DT
     English
LΑ
     New studies on the reciprocal quaternary system (.+-.)-2-phenylpropionic
AB
     acid [(.+-.)-1]-(.+-.)-.alpha.-methylbenzylamine [(.+-.)-2]-ethanol
     confirm the presence of a stable conglomerate (p and p' salts), but
     polymorphism of the n salt as well as an unstable racemic compd.
     have been detected. The kinetic parameters of the irreversible
     transformation of the unstable racemic compd. into the stable
conglomerate
     have been detd. from exptl. X-ray powder diffraction data.
     simultaneous resoln. of (.+-.)-1 and (.+-.)-2 by means of
     preferential crystn. (auto-seeded process) of
     the stable pair of enantiomorphous salts, was achieved. However, the
     entrainment effect (given by the max. enantiomeric excess of the counter
     enantiomer in the mother soln. reached at the end of the stereoselective
     crystn. (eemax = 5.2%)) is limited. This is consistent with the
     existence of the unstable racemic compd., as accounted for in a recent
     model of mol. interactions occurring at the crystal-mother soln.
     interface in the course of preferential crystn. An
     extended version of this model rationalises a kinetic advantage of the
     crystal growth rate of racemic compds. over the conglomerates as
     well as a large supersatn. capacity of the mother soln. in such a
     reciprocal quaternary system (.+-.)-acid, (.+-.)-base and solvent.
RE.CNT 29
RE
(1) Beilles, S; Chem Eng Sci 2001, V56, P2281 CAPLUS
(2) Boultif, A; J Appl Crystallogr 1991, V24, P987 CAPLUS
(4) Caira, M; J Chem Soc, Perkin Trans 2 1997, P763 CAPLUS
(5) Coquerel, G; EP 0720595 B1 1995 CAPLUS
(12) Houllemare-Druot, S; J Chem Soc, Perkin Trans 2 1998, P2211 CAPLUS
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L17 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     Solubilities and crystallization behavior of cimetidine
TI
     polymorphic forms A and B
     1991:253938 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     114:253938
     Solubilities and crystallization behavior of cimetidine
     polymorphic forms A and B
     Sudo, Shogo; Sato, Katsutoshi; Harano, Yoshio
ΑU
     Fac. Eng., Osaka City Univ., Osaka, 558, Japan
CS
     J. Chem. Eng. Jpn. (1991), 24(2), 237-42
SO
     CODEN: JCEJAQ; ISSN: 0021-9592
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
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GI

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 \begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &
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AB For the **polymorphic** forms A and B of the org. compd. cimetidine
(I), their solubilities in H2O, 2-propanol (IPA) and H2O-IPA mixt. and
their **crystn**. behavior, mainly from IPA, were studied. Form A
is more sol. than form B in any solvent and the solubilities of both
forms

increased in the order H2O, IPA, H2O-IPA mixt. In IPA as a solvent, at high supersatn. ratio, form A, which is thermodynamically a metastable form, was preferentially crystd. regardless of the presence or absence and the form of seeds. Phase transition from form A to B was not obsd.

=> d his

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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:40:20 ON 21 DEC 2001

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:38 ON 21 DEC 2001

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:40:56 ON 21 DEC 2001
         255744 RESOLUTION
1.1
         202730 SEED?
L2
           1595 L1 AND L2
L3
        1630549 CRYSTAL?
L4
            659 L3 AND L4
L5
           1241 L1(L)L2
L6
           1241 L6(L)L3
Ь7
L8
            474 L7 AND L4
             17 DHIS
L9
          60072 ENANTIO?
L10
           8849 L1(L)L10
L11
             48 L11(L)L2
L12
T-13
         114957 POLYMORPH?
          14958 L13 AND L4
L14
         127248 PREFEREN?
L15
            134 L14 AND L15
L16
L17
              2 L2 AND L16
```

=> apartame

L18 1 APARTAME

=> aspartame

2544 ASPARTAME 6 ASPARTAMES 2544 ASPARTAME

L19 2544 ASPARTAME (ASPARTAME OR ASPARTAMES)

=> 119 and 113

L20 10 L19 AND L13

=> 12 and 110

L21 361 L2 AND L10

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=> 120 and 110
            0 L20 AND L10
=> d 120 1-10 ti
L20 ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Investigation of Polymorphism in Aspartame and Neotame
    Using Solid-State NMR Spectroscopy
L20 ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Analysis of polymorphism in crystalline organic compounds using
    solid-state C-13 NMR spectroscopy and X-ray diffraction.
L20 ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Two-Dimensional High-Speed CP/MAS NMR Spectroscopy of Polymorphs
     . 1. Uniformly 13C-Labeled Aspartame
L20 ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    How aspartame prevents the toxicity of ochratoxin A
L20 ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Hydration and Dehydration Behavior of Aspartame Hemihydrate
L20 ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Solid-State Characterization of Two Polymorphs of
    Aspartame Hemihydrate
L20 ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Preparation of a polymorph of aspartame (APM II).
L20 ANSWER 8 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Use of a Raman microscope in conformational analysis of a peptide with
    polymorphism
L20 ANSWER 9 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Quality control and therapeutic activity optimization by thermoanalytical
    methods
L20 ANSWER 10 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
     Thermal analysis methods for pharmacopeial materials
=> d 120 7 ti fbib abs
L20 ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
    Preparation of a polymorph of aspartame (APM II).
    1995:994905 CAPLUS
AN
DN
    124:56743
     Preparation of a polymorph of aspartame (APM II).
ΤI
    Garti, Nissim; Milhofer, Helga
IN
    Yissum Research Development Co., Israel; Whalley, Kevin
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
    English
LА
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
     -----
                                        WO 1995-GB496
                                                          19950308
                     A1
                           19950914
     WO 9524420
        W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
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GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG,

MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,

TT, UA

RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,

SN, TD, TG

IL 1994-108907 19940309

AU 9518552 A1 19950925 AU 1995-18552 19950308

IL 1994-108907 19940309

WO 1995-GB496 19950308

AB A polymorph of aspartame, designated APM II, characterized by X-ray diffraction powder patterns, an IR diffraction pattern, and differential scanning calorimetric patterns, was prepd. Thus, aspartame was crystd. from a pH 5.3 buffer prepd. from potassium hydrogen phthalate and NaOH in H2O at 21.degree. to give APM

II. Sweetening compns. contg. APM II are claimed.

=> logoff hold

SINCE FILE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 48.71 49.01 FULL ESTIMATED COST DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL SESSION ENTRY -3.53 -3.53 CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 08:31:20 ON 21 DEC 2001

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Trying 3106016892...Open

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LOGINID:ssspta1623paz
PASSWORD:

* * * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * * * SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'CAPLUS' AT 08:34:36 ON 21 DEC 2001 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:34:36 ON 21 DEC 2001 COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 48.71 49.01

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-3.53
-3.53

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:07 ON 21 DEC 2001)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:40:20 ON 21 DEC 2001

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:38 ON 21 DEC 2001

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:40:56 ON 21 DEC 2001

L1 255744 RESOLUTION

L2 202730 SEED?

```
1630549 CRYSTAL?
L4
         659 L3 AND L4
L5
         1241 L1(L)L2
L6
         1241 L6(L)L3
L7
          474 L7 AND L4
L/8
           17 DHIS
L9
        60072 ENANTIO?
L10
         8849 L1(L)L10
L11
L12
            48 L11(L)L2
        114957 POLYMORPH?
L13
L14
        14958 L13 AND L4
        127248 PREFEREN?
L15
          134 L14 AND L15
L16
            2 L2 AND L16
L17
L18
            1 APARTAME
          2544 ASPARTAME
L19
           10 L19 AND L13
L20
           361 L2 AND L10
L21
            0 L20 AND L10
L22
=> 115(1)L4
L23 11974 L15(L)L4
=> 123 and 14
L24 11974 L23 AND L4
=> 113 and 123
L25 122 L13 AND L23
=> 12 and 125
L26
           2 L2 AND L25
=> 126 not 120
L27 2 L26 NOT L20
=> 126 not 117
           0 L26 NOT L17
=> 113 and 12
L29 1667 L13 AND L2
=> 129 and 14
       236 L29 AND L4
=> 130 and 115
           2 L30 AND L15
=> logoff hold
                                              SINCE FILE
                                                             TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                   ENTRY
                                                            SESSION
                                                             52.26
                                                   51.96
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                              SINCE FILE
                                                             TOTAL
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
                                                   ENTRY
                                                           SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
                                                   -3.53
                                                             -3.53
 SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES
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STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 08:40:44 ON 21 DEC 2001

Connecting via Winsock to STN

L3

1595 L1 AND L2

Trying 3106016892...Open Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x LOGINID:ssspta1623paz PASSWORD: * * * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * * SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'CAPLUS' AT 09:05:02 ON 21 DEC 2001 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:05:02 ON 21 DEC 2001 COPYRIGHT (C) 2001 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS) COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 51.96 52.26 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -3.53 -3.53 => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:07 ON 21 DEC 2001) FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 07:40:20 ON 21 DEC 2001 FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:40:38 ON 21 DEC 2001 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:40:56 ON 21 DEC 2001 L1255744 RESOLUTION L2202730 SEED? 1.3 1595 L1 AND L2 L4 1630549 CRYSTAL? L5 659 L3 AND L4 L6 1241 L1(L)L2 L71241 L6(L)L3 L8 474 L7 AND L4 17 DHIS L9 L10 60072 ENANTIO? L118849 L1(L)L10 L1248 L11(L)L2 114957 POLYMORPH? L13 14958 L13 AND L4 L14 127248 PREFEREN? L15 L16 134 L14 AND L15 L17 2 L2 AND L16 L18 1 APARTAME L19 2544 ASPARTAME L20 10 L19 AND L13 L21361 L2 AND L10 L220 L20 AND L10 L23 11974 L15(L)L4 11974 L23 AND L4 L24

=> formation

122 L13 AND L23 2 L2 AND L25

2 L26 NOT L20

0 L26 NOT L17

2 L30 AND L15

1667 L13 AND L2

236 L29 AND L4

L25

L26 L27

L28

L29

L30

L31

2122989 FORMATION 48094 FORMATIONS L32 2150884 FORMATION (FORMATION OR FORMATIONS) => 115 (1)132 15479 L15 (L)L32 L33 => 133 and 113 120 L33 AND L13 => 12 and 134 1 L2 AND L34 L35 => 135 not 117 1 L35 NOT L17 L36 => d 136 ti fbib abs ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS The genetics and embryology of Taiwan fir (Abies kawakamii (Hayata) Ito) 1999:68561 CAPLUS AN DN 130:234763 The genetics and embryology of Taiwan fir (Abies kawakamii (Hayata) Ito) TIKormutak, Andrej; Yang, Jenq-Chuan ΑU CS Institute of Plant Genetics, Slovak Academy of Science, Nitra, Slovakia Taiwan Linye Kexue (1998), 13(1, Suppl.), 1-78 so CODEN: TLKEFF; ISSN: 1026-4469 Taiwan Forestry Research Institute DTJournal Chinese LΑ The genetic study of Taiwan fir (Abies kawakamii (Hayata) Ito) was undertaken aiming to elucidate the genetic status of the species within the genus Abies, as well as to clarify the causes of extremely low quality of its seeds. At the level of chloroplast and genomic DNAs, the species exhibits the closest relationship with A. homolepis, both of which belong taxonomically to the section Homolepides. Within the group of 15 Abies species compared so far, the PCR/RFLP profiles of cpDNA and RAPD amplification patterns of the above species deviate not only from the genetically uniform group of Mediterranean species, A. alba, A. cephalonica, A. nordmanniana, A. cilicica, A. pinsapo, and A. numidica, but also from the species A. nephrolepis, A. sachalinensis, A. veitchii, and A. koreana of the section Elate, all of which are of Asian origin. Being genetically heterogeneous, Asian firs resemble the North American species A. concolor and A. grandis of the section Grandes and A. procera of the section Nobiles which have also been found to be genetically differentiated. The results of the DNA study have closely correlated the established crossability relationship between A. kawakamii and some other representatives of firs studied so far. The compatible hybridol. relationship is characteristic only for the interspecific combination A. kawakamii .times. A. homolepis, as contrasted with a strong reproductive isolation of Taiwan fir from A. lasiocarpa, A. concolor, A. alba, A. cephalonica, and A. cilicica, resp. The prezygotic hybridol. barrier was found to be responsible for fertilization failures in the interspecific crossings A. kawakamii .times. A. alba and A. kawakamii .times. A.cephalonica. Taken together, the results of DNA study and artificial hybridization preferentially substantiate the delineation of

individual sections within the genus Abies as proposed by Liu (1971). At the intraspecific level, Taiwan fir seems to share a rather high degree

genetic diversity as evidenced by the mean no. of 2.2 alleles per locus and the av. heterozygosity, he, of 0.283. The coeff. of genetic distance based on the isoenzyme polymorphism of 2 A. kawakamii populations has accordingly been found to av. 0.087 suggesting considerable intraspecific differentiation. The process of sexual reprodn. of A. kawakamii was cytol. investigated from the standpoint of both pollen and ovule development covering the period from differentiated pollen mother cells and megaspore mother cells until the stages corresponding to the shedding of mature pollen and seeds. As far as pollen formation is concerned, the developmental pattern is comparable with those obsd. in other species of firs including a high sensitivity of the species' microsporogenesis to abrupt declines of temp. The same is true of the viability parameters of A. kawakamii pollen. By its av. germinability of 85.7% and the length of pollen tubes averaging 379.7 .mu.m, the pollen of Taiwan fir was found to be at least comparable to pollen fertility typical for other Abies species. The conclusion was therefore drawn ruling out low fertility of A. kawakamii pollen as a primary cause of the poor quality of its seeds. Considerable variation was obsd. between individual study trees with regard to both pollen body size and fertility of pollen grains, which was not, however, related to the elevational distribution of the trees. The course of the fertilization process is illustrated with regard to both the prezygotic and postzygotic stages of ovule development with special ref. to the nature of involved retardant factors. The high frequency of polyembryony has, in this connection, been shown to be the most remarkable feature of A. kawakamii embryogeny, shared by an overwhelming majority of the ovules processed. On the contrary, the abortive development of embryos was

found

to represent the most divergent aspect of the species' embryogeny by which

Taiwan fir deviates strikingly from the other species of firs in which the

process of embryogeny has previously been illustrated. Encompassing both the early and advanced stages of embryogenesis, abortion was shown to be primarily responsible for the low quality of A. kawakamii **seeds**.

Except for this disturbance, the deterioration of female gametophyte as well as archegonia degeneration caused by the inhibition of pollen germination at the top of nucellus were found at the prezygotic stages resulting in abortion of a small portion of pollinated ovules.

=> d 134 110-120 ti

- L34 ANSWER 110 OF 120 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
- TI Particle emission and related morphological changes occurring during the sublimation of graphitic carbons
- L34 ANSWER 111 OF 120 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
- TI Mechanism of regulation of adenylate cyclase activity in human polymorphonuclear leukocytes by calcium, guanosyl nucleotides, and positive effectors
- L34 ANSWER 112 OF 120 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
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=> 133 and 12 L37 163 L33 AND L2 => 137 and 14 L38 44 L37 AND L4

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